



#### A new polarizer family

colorPol® polarizers are dichroic glass polarizers. They feature a high contrast ratio and a high transmittance. Standard colorPol® polarizers are available for the UV wavelength range (340 – 420 nm) and for the VIS, NIR and MIR range (440 nm – 5.0 µm).

For the range of 1.2 to 2.5  $\mu$ m, there are special versions of high transmittance (HT) polarizers with values up to 99%.

#### colorPol® polarizers

- · are flat like foil polarizers
- can be processed like glass or silicon wafers
- are resistant against UV radiation and chemicals
- have large acceptance angles
- are resistant against temperatures up to +400 °C

Based on the unique colorPol® technology, CODIXX is the world's first producer of patterned polarizers.

colorPol® S polarizers have arbitrary shaped areas with different directions of polarization. Additionally, the areas can have different spectral characteristics.

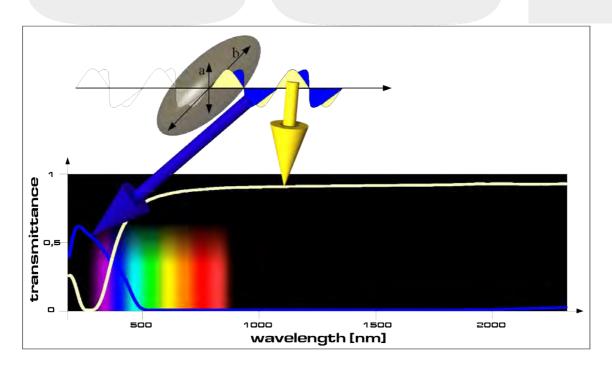
#### **Applications**

Polarizers are used in a wide range of diverse optical devices to filter or block polarized light, to modulate or reduce brightness, analyze or polarize light and lots more. Because of their excellent properties and outstanding adaptability, colorPol® polarizers can be used in many applications like:

- · Optical sensor devices
- Illumination engineering
- Instrumental filters for laboratory equipment in microscopy, ellipsometry, spectroscopy, polarimetry
- · Photo elasticity, surface inspection
- · Fiber dependent optical isolators
- Optical communications engineering and data storage
- Electro-optical modulators
- High-temperature LC-Displays
- High-temperature LC-Shutter
- · Lyot-Filter

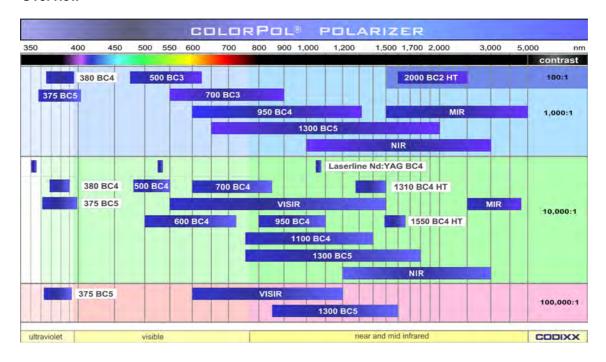
#### The colorPol® technology

With its unique technology, CODIXX is able to create uniformly oriented prolate silver nano particles in soda lime glass. The nano particles show a strong plasmon absorption, which is selective in reference to polarization and wavelength. Beside the standard products, the flexible technology allows the production of customized polarizers with special spectral characteristics.



Absorption spectra of soda lime glass containing uniformly oriented silver particles

#### Overview



colorPol® polarizers are characterized by their wavelength range and contrast ratio ( $\geq 1,000:1$ ,  $\geq 10,000:1$  and  $\geq 100,000:1$ , indicated in the product name by C3, C4 and C5 respectively).

The wavelength of maximum polarization is determined by the chosen technology parameters. The peak position can be brought in line with customer's requirements.

The wavelength range of effective polarization spans the UV region (colorPol® UV: 340 to 420 nm), the visible and infrared region (colorPol® VIS, colorPol® IR and colorPol® MIR: 440 nm to 5  $\mu$ m).

Standard dimensions range from  $5 \times 5 \text{ mm}^2$  up to  $60 \times 100 \text{ mm}^2$ . Various thicknesses are available on special request, ranging between 0.2 to 0.5 mm for the raw and 0.8 - 10.0 mm for the laminated colorPol® polarizers.

Other dimensions and shapes are available on request.

#### AR-coatings:

colorPol® polarizers can be delivered with AR-coatings.



CODIXX offers sample sets of its polarizers for evaluation at an attractive price. Sample sets are customized compilations of either 4 or 6 polarizers out of the colorPol standard or HT series with dimension of 10 x 10 mm². In one sample set, the maximum quantity of filters with the same type is limited to 2 pieces.

The shipment will be done within one working day after ordering.



#### Standard polarizers

| colorPol® type       | Wavelength range [nm]                 | Transmittance [%]          | Contrast ratio $k_1$ : $k_2^{-1}$                       | Thickness<br>[µm] | Dimension<br>[mm²] |
|----------------------|---------------------------------------|----------------------------|---|-------------------|--------------------|
| UV 375 BC5           | 362-392<br>360-397<br>357-403         | >40-47<br>>40-48<br>>39-48 | >100,000:1<br>>10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                     | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| UV 380 BC4           | 372-388<br>369-390<br>365-395         | >52-57<br>>52-58<br>>51-59 | >100,000:1<br>>10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                     | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| VIS 500 BC3          | 475-625                               | >55-81                     | >1,000:1  | 280±50            | <=100x60           |
| VIS 500 BC4          | 480-550                               | >58-76                     | >10,000:1   | 280±50            | <=100x60           |
| VIS 600 BC4          | 500-720                               | >60-84                     | >10,000:1   | 280±50            | <=100x60           |
| VIS 700 BC3          | 550-900                               | >77-86                     | >1,000:1  | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| VIS 700 BC4          | 600-850<br>600-1,000                  | >78-87<br>>78-88           | >10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                                   | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| VISIR                | 600-1,200<br>550-1,500                | >67-84<br>>57-85           | >100,000:1<br>>10,000:1                                 | 260±50            | <=100x60           |
| IR 950 BC4           | 800-1,100<br>600-1,320                | >85-87<br>>80-88           | >10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                                   | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| IR 1100 BC4          | 900-1,200<br>750-1,400<br>650-1,700   | >85-87<br>>83-87<br>>80-88 | >100,000:1<br>>10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                     | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| IR 1300 BC5          | 850-1,600<br>750-1,800<br>650-2,000   | >82-86<br>>80-87<br>>76-87 | >100,000:1<br>>10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                     | 220±50            | <=100x50           |
| Laserline Nd:YAG BC4 | at 355 nm<br>at 532 nm<br>at 1,064 nm | >37<br>>50<br>>79          | >10,000:1   | 270±50            | <=100x60           |
| NIR                  | 1,000-2,700<br>2,700-3,000            | >77<br>>70                 | >10,000:1<br>1,200-3,000nm<br>>1,000:1<br>1,000-3,000nm | 250±65            | <=100x60           |
| MIR                  | 2,000-4,500<br>1,500-5,000            | >65-90<br>>35-90           | >10,000:1<br>>1,000:1                                   | 200±50            | <=100x50           |

Contrast ratios >100,000:1, other thicknesses, shapes or dimensions on request. Reflection losses can be minimized by anti-reflection coatings. AR-coatings are available for different wavelength ranges as V-coating or wide-band version.

#### **High transmittance polarizers**

High transmittance polarizers offer a low insertion loss and high contrast ratios within the given spectral range. They are available for the spectral range of 1.2 - 2.5  $\mu m$ .

| colorPol® type   | Wavelength range [nm] | Transmittance [%]               | Contrast ratio k <sub>1</sub> : k <sub>2</sub> 1) | Thickness<br>[µm]                | Dimension<br>[mm²]               |
|--|-----------------------|---------------------------------|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| IR 1310 BC4 T2 HT<br>IR 1310 BC4 HT<br>IR 1310 BC4 T5 HT                   | 1,280-1,500           | >88.0-90.0                      | >10,000:1   | 200 ± 50<br>250 ± 50<br>500 ± 50 | <=100x50<br><=100x60<br><=100x28 |
| IR 1310 BC4 T2 HT C1310<br>IR 1310 BC4 HT C1310<br>IR 1310 BC4 T5 HT C1310 | 1,280-1,500           | >96.0-98.0<br>>97.0 at 1,310 nm | >10,000:1   | 200 ± 50<br>250 ± 50<br>500 ± 50 | <=100x50<br><=100x60<br><=100x28 |
| IR 1550 BC4 T2 HT<br>IR 1550 BC4 HT<br>IR 1550 BC4 T5 HT                   | 1,480-1,650           | >89.0-91.0                      | >10,000:1   | 200 ± 50<br>250 ± 50<br>500 ± 50 | <=100x50<br><=100x60<br><=100x28 |
| IR 1550 BC4 T2 HT C1550<br>IR 1550 BC4 HT C1550<br>IR 1550 BC4 T5 HT C1550 | 1,480-1,650           | >97.0-98.5<br>>98.0 at 1,550 nm | >10,000:1   | 200 ± 50<br>250 ± 50<br>500 ± 50 | <=100x50<br><=100x60<br><=100x28 |
| IR 2000 BC2 HT   | 1,600-2,500           | >90.0                           | >100:1  | 220 ± 50                         | <=100x50                         |
| IR 2000 BC2 HT CW06  | 1,600-2,500           | >96.0                           | >100:1  | 220 ± 50                         | <=100x50                         |

 $<sup>^{1)}</sup>$  The contrast ratio is defined to be  $k_1/k_2$ , where  $k_1$  is the transmittance beam passing the filter and  $k_2$  is the transmittance of a polarized beam blocked by the filter.

#### Standard round polarizers

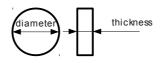
| colorPol® type             | Waveleng                             | th range [nm] with o                           | contrast ratio 1)       | Filter      | thickness      |
|----------------------------|--------------------------------------|--|-------------------------|-------------|----------------|
|                            | >1,000:1                             | >10,000:1                                      | >100,000:1              | unlaminated | laminated      |
| UV 375 BC5                 | 357-403                              | 360-397  | 362-392                 | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            | k1> 39-48%                           | k1> 40-48%                                     | k1> 40-47%              |             |                |
| UV 380 BC4                 | 365-395                              | 369-390  | 372-388                 | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            | k <sub>1</sub> > 51-59%              | k <sub>1</sub> > 52-58%                        | k <sub>1</sub> > 52-57% |             |                |
| VIS 500 BC3                | 475-625                              |  |                         | 280 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| \ // O = 0.0 D O O O O O O | k <sub>1</sub> > 55-81%              |  |                         | 200 . 50    | 22.22          |
| VIS 500 BC3 CW01           | 475-650<br>k <sub>1</sub> > 62-91%   |  |                         | 280 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| VIS 500 BC4                | K1 > 02-9176                         | 480-550  |                         | 280 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| VIS 500 BC4                |                                      | k <sub>1</sub> > 58-76%                        |                         | 200 1 30μπ  | 2.0 1 0.211111 |
| VIS 500 BC4 CW01           |                                      | 480-550  |                         | 280 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            |                                      | k <sub>1</sub> > 65-83%                        |                         | _00 _ 00µ   |                |
| VIS 600 BC4                |                                      | 500-720  |                         | 280 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            |                                      | k1> 60-84%                                     |                         |             |                |
| VIS 600 BC4 CW01           |                                      | 500-720  |                         | 280 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            |                                      | k1> 65-90%                                     |                         |             |                |
| VIS 700 BC3                | 550-900                              |  |                         | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| VIIC 700 DO2 OW02          | k <sub>1</sub> > 77-86%              |  |                         | 220 . 50    | 0.0 . 0.0      |
| VIS 700 BC3 CW03           | 550-900<br>k <sub>1</sub> > 84-93%   |  |                         | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| VIS 700 BC4                | 600-1,000                            | 600-850  |                         | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| VIO 700 BO4                | k <sub>1</sub> > 78-88%              | k <sub>1</sub> > 78-87%                        |                         | 220 1 30μπ  | 2.0 ± 0.211111 |
| VIS 700 BC4 CW02           | 600-1,000                            | 600-850  |                         | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            | k <sub>1</sub> > 84-95%              | k1> 84-93%                                     |                         |             |                |
| VISIR                      |                                      | 550-1,500                                      | 600-1,200               | 260 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            |                                      | k1> 57-85%                                     | k1> 67-84%              |             |                |
| VISIR CW02                 |                                      |  | 600-1,200               | 260 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            |                                      |  | k <sub>1</sub> > 71-88% |             |                |
| IR 950 BC4                 | 600-1,320                            | 800-1,100                                      |                         | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| ID OFO DOA OMOO            | k <sub>1</sub> > 80-88%              | k1> 85-87%                                     |                         | 200 . 50    | 0.0 . 0.0      |
| IR 950 BC4 CW02            | 600-1,150<br>K <sub>1</sub> > 82-94% | 800-1,100<br>k <sub>1</sub> > 90-94%           |                         | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| IR 1100 BC4                | 650-1.700                            | 750-1.400                                      | 900-1,200               | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| 1100 004                   | k <sub>1</sub> > 80-88%              | k <sub>1</sub> > 83-87%                        | k <sub>1</sub> > 85-87% | 220 1 30μπ  | 2.0 1 0.211111 |
| IR 1100 BC4 CW02           | 650-1,150                            | 750-1,150                                      | 900-1,150               | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            | k1> 86-93%                           | K <sub>1</sub> > 87-93%                        | K <sub>1</sub> > 87-93% |             |                |
| IR 1300 BC5                | 650-2,000                            | 750-1,800                                      | 850-1,600               | 220 ± 50µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            | k1> 76-87%                           | k1> 80-87%                                     | k1> 82-86%              | -           |                |
| Laserline Nd:YAG BC4       |                                      | 355, 532, 1,064<br>k <sub>1</sub> >37, 50, 79% |                         | 270 ± 50μm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
| NIR                        | 1,000-3,000                          | 1,200-3,000                                    |                         | 250 ± 65µm  | 2.0 ± 0.2mm    |
|                            | 1,000-2.70                           | 00 k <sub>1</sub> > 77%                        | 7                       |             | (other         |
|                            |                                      | 00 k <sub>1</sub> > 70%                        |                         |             | transmittance  |
| MIR                        | 1,500-5,000                          | 2,000-4,500                                    |                         | 200 ± 50μm  | specification) |
| IVIIIX                     | k <sub>1</sub> > 35-90%              | 2,000-4,500<br>k <sub>1</sub> > 65-90%         |                         | 200 ± ουμπ  |                |
|                            |                                      |  |                         |             |                |

<sup>1)</sup> The contrast ratio is defined to be k1/k2, where k1 is the transmittance beam passing the filter and k2 is the transmittance of a polarized beam blocked by the filter.

#### Standard polarizers

# diameter

#### Laminated round polarizers



#### **Mounted polarizers**

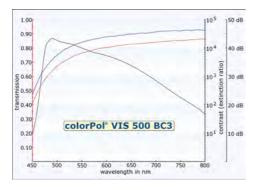


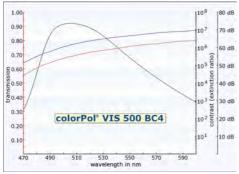
| Diameter<br>[mm] | Clear aperture [mm] |
|------------------|---------------------|
| 12.5 - 0.2       | 11.2                |
| 12.7 - 0.2 (½")  | 11.4                |
| 25.0 - 0.2       | 22.5                |
| 25.4 - 0.2 (1")  | 22.9                |

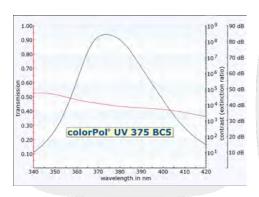
| Diameter<br>[mm]                     | Thickness<br>[mm] | Clear aperture [mm] |  |  |
|--------------------------------------|-------------------|---------------------|--|--|
| 12.5 - 0.2                           | $2.0 \pm 0.2$     | 11.2                |  |  |
| 25.0 - 0.2                           | $2.0 \pm 0.2$     | 22.5                |  |  |
| wavefront distortion < λ/4 at 633 nm |                   |                     |  |  |

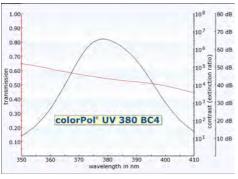
| Diameter<br>[mm] | Clear aperture [mm] | Length [mm] |
|------------------|---------------------|-------------|
| 12.5 e8          | 8.1                 | 5 or 7      |
| 12.7 (1/2") e8   | 8.1                 | 5 or 7      |
| 25.0 e8          | 20.8                | 5 or 10     |
| 25.4 (1") e8     | 20.8                | 5 or 10     |

Other diameters are available on request.

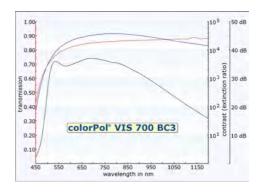


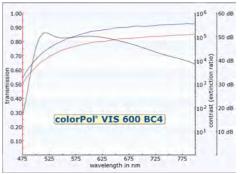


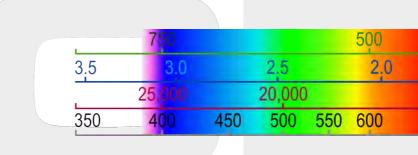


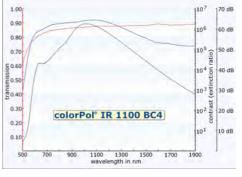


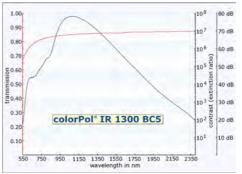


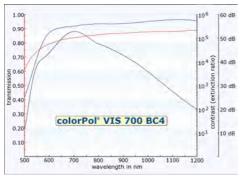


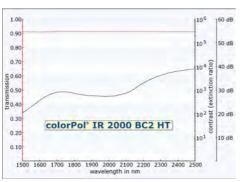


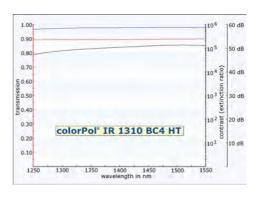


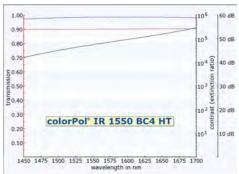


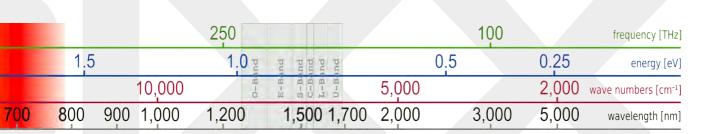


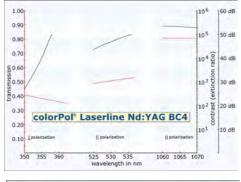


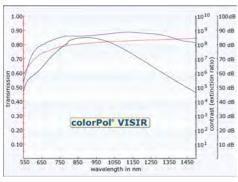


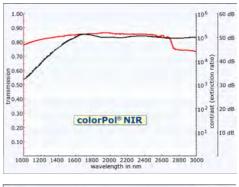


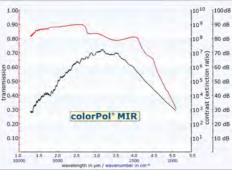












Transmittance — Transmittance with antireflection coating — contrast (extinction ratio)

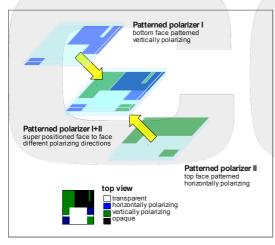
#### **Patterned polarizers**

In difference to a common linear polarizer, which provides the same optical properties over the whole clear aperture, a patterned polarizer is subdivided into segments. The segments may have different optical properties like the orientation of the polarization axis or wavelength range, or can be opaque or transparent. Size, shape and number of segments with different optical properties determine which of CODIXX's unique manufacturing technology is applicable.

#### Lithographical technology

The polarization of colorPol® polarizers is caused by elongated silver nano particles, which are embedded into the glass only in a shallow depth. This specific design offers the possibility to remove these nano particles by surface etching. With lithography, this can be done selectively.

A patterned polarizer with regions of either transparent or linear polarizing properties is the result. The shape of the regions can be randomly chosen, the resolution can be as high as 30  $\mu$ m at still reasonable costs. The polarization axis of all regions as well as the wavelength range is same.



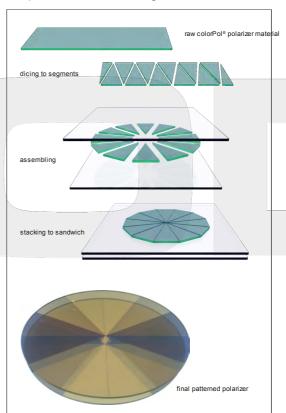
To create a polarizer with regions of different polarization axes, at least two of the polarizers, which were patterned as described above, must be stacked on top of each other (see sketch above). The more different orientations of the polarization axis are needed, the more planes must be stacked. The different height positions of the planes may cause a parallax.

If used as an analyzer, the scattering of the nano particles may lead to a decrease of the polarizers contrast and some crosstalk in rare cases.

#### Mosaic technology

colorPol® is well suited for this classical method of manufacturing patterned polarizers. The thin glass substrates can be diced precisely with for example wafer saws.

Different polarization directions as well as different wavelength ranges can be chosen for each segment. On the other hand, the size, shape and number of segments is limited.



After the precise side-by-side arrangement, the mosaic is sandwiched between two carrier substrates.

|   | Unlaminated   | Laminated <sup>1)</sup>  |  |
|---|---|--|--|
| Optical Parameter   |   |  |  |
| Transmitted wavefront distortion (TWD) at 633 nm over an inspection area of Ø10mm | < 3 λ   | < λ/4  |  |
| Beam deviation  | < 20 arc min.   | < 1 arc min.   |  |
| Accuracy of polarization axis to indicated edge <sup>2)</sup>                     | < 0.  |  |  |
| Acceptance angle 3), 4)   | ± 2   | 0°   |  |
| Refractive index at 633 nm (RI) 57  | 1.525 ±   | 0.005  |  |
| <b>Cosmetic Parameter</b>   |   |  |  |
| Surface imperfections 6)  | ISO 10110-07: 5/2 x 0.04 per Ø10mm<br>MIL-O-13830A: S/D 40/20   |  |  |
| Mechanical Parameter  |   |  |  |
| Clear aperture (CA)  Edge chips 7)  | 90% for parts < 20 x 20 mm² 95% for parts ≥ 20 x 20 mm² 0.05 mm to 0.2 mm, dependent upon part size               |  |  |
| Specific weight   | < 0.05 mm (<br>< 0.05 mm (<br>2.5 ± 0.1   | on request   |  |
| Coefficient of elasticity E   | 70 ± 5 kN/mm <sup>2</sup>   | 9/11111  |  |
| ·   | 70 ± 3 KN/IIIII   |  |  |
| Physical Parameter Coefficient of thermal expansion (CTE)                         | 8.1 ± 0.3 x 10 <sup>-6</sup> K <sup>-1</sup> (0-100°C)  |  |  |
| Specific heat   | 1.0 ± 0.1 J/gK  |  |  |
| Thermal conductivity  | 0.94 ± 0.05 W/mK  |  |  |
| Operation Limits  |   |  |  |
| Laser damage threshold (LDT) a) Continuous wave (CW)                              | 10 W/cm² continuous block<br>25 W/cm² continuous pass   | 1 W/cm² continuous block<br>5 W/cm² continuous pass                                  |  |
| b) Pulsed   | 12 MW/cm² pulse peak power (equivalent of about 1 µJ/cm² pulse power density)                                     | 1 MW/cm² pulse peak power<br>(equivalent of about 100 nJ/cm²<br>pulse power density) |  |
| Operating temperature range   | up to +400°C  | UV types: -20°C to +80°C all other: -20°C to +120°C                                  |  |
| Durability  |   |  |  |
| Thermal cycle   | -40°C to +80°C, 200 cycles<br>(DIN EN 60068-2-14<br>method Na)  |  |  |
| Humid storage   | 85°C, 85% rel. humidity, 1,000 h<br>according to Telcordia<br>GR-1221-CORE  |  |  |
| UV-stability  | UV-stability 20 mW/cm <sup>2</sup> at 60 h irradiation without any degradation                                    |  |  |
| Chemical resistance   | colorPol® polarizers are insensitive to most organic and cleaning solvents, acids and bases® and distilled water. |  |  |

colorPol® polarizers follow completely the international RoHS, REACH and PFOS regulations.

laminated, ground and polished
 less tolerance available upon request
 exceeding this angle may lower contrast and transmittance
 AR coating may limit this angle

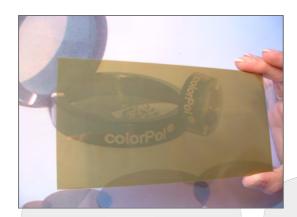
 <sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5)</sup> RI for other wavelengths on request
 <sup>6)</sup> other quality grades available on request
 <sup>7)</sup> other specifications available on request
 <sup>8)</sup> AR coating may limit the resistivity

#### CODIXX

CODIXX is a German share holder company founded in 1998.

After a period of technology development and building up the production equipment, CODIXX has started the production of a new family of dichroic glass polarizers in 2002.

The production site is located in Barleben near Magdeburg. Since the end of 2002 the company has been manufacturing standard and customized polarizers for a variety of applications.







#### colorPol® distributors

#### **Europe**

#### **France**

LOT-Oriel France ZAC de la Bonde 15 rue du Buisson aux Fraises Bâtiment C

91300 Massy France

Phone: +33 1 69 19 49 49 Fax: +33 1 69 19 49 30

Internet/email: www.lot-oriel.com contact@lot-oriel.fr

#### **United Kingdom and Ireland**

Elliot Scientific Ltd.
3 Allied Business Centre
Coldharbour Lane
Harpenden, Hertfordshire

AL5 4UT United Kingdom

Phone: +44 1582 766300 Fax: +44 1582 766340

Internet/email:

www.elliotscientific.com sales@elliotscientific.com

#### **North America**

#### **USA** and Canada

LASER COMPONENTS USA, Inc. 9 River Road Hudson, NH 03051 USA

Phone: +1 603 821 7040 Fax: +1 603 821 7041

Internet/email:

www.laser-components.com info@laser-components.com

#### Asia / Asia-Pacific

#### China

FOCtek Photonics, Inc. No. 8, the 7th Road, Phase II of Minhou Tieling Industrial District Fuzhou, Fujian 350100 China

Phone: +86 591 8376 7816 Fax: +86 591 8376 7817

Internet/email: www.foctek.net sales@foctek.com Titan Electronical Optics Ltd. Rm. A0803, ZhiChun Building, No. 118, ZhiChun Road, Haidian District 100086 Beijing

China

Phone: +86 02 26552233 Fax: +86 02 26552233

Internet/email: www.teo.com.tw sales@teo.com.tw

#### Japan

FUJITOK Corporation 1-9-16 Kami-Jujo, Kita-Ku 114-0034 Tokyo Japan

Phone: +81 3 3909 1791 Fax: +81 3 3908 6450

Internet/email: www.fujitok.co.jp opt@fujitok.co.jp

#### Singapore and Malaysia

Acexon Technologies Pte Ltd. 21 Bukit Batok Crescent WCEGA Tower #20-83 Singapore 658065

Phone: +65 6565 7300 Fax: +65 6565 7005

Internet/email: www.acexon.com sales@acexon.com

#### Israel

ROSH Electroptics P.O.B 2667 42122 Netanya Israel

Phone: +972 (0)9 8627401 Fax: +972 (0)9 8616185

Internet/email: www.roshelop.co.il info@roshelop.co.il

#### All other countries and regions

CODIXX AG Steinfeldstraße 3 39179 Barleben Germany

Phone: +49 3 92 03 9 63 0 Fax: +49 3 92 03 9 63 33

Internet/email: www.codixx.de colorPol@codixx.de

#### **CODIXX AG**

Steinfeldstraße 3 39179 Barleben Germany

Phone: +49 39203 963 0 Fax: +49 39203 963 33

Email: colorPol@codixx.de Website: <u>www.codixx.de</u>

